BUDHA DAL PUBLIC SCHOOL PATIALA FIRST TERM EXAMINATION (12 September 2024) Class - IX

Paper-Mathematics (Set-A)

Time: 3hrs.

M.M. 80

General Instructions:

1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.

- 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- 3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- 5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- 6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with subparts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.

Section-A

- 1. Decimal representation of a rational number cannot be
 - a) terminating
- b) non-terminating non repeating
- c) non terminating d) non-terminating repeating
- 2. The value of $4\sqrt{15} \div 2\sqrt{3}$ is
- b) $\sqrt{2}$ c) $2\sqrt{5}$ d) $5\sqrt{2}$
- 3. Rationalising factor for the denominator of the expression $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}$ is

 - a) $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$ b) $\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2}$ c) $\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2}}{5}$ d) $\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2}}{4}$

- 4. Coefficient of x^2 in $2 x^2 + x^3$
- a) 0 b) 1 c) -1 d) 2
- 5. Zero of the polynomial p(x) = 3x + 2, is

 - a) $\frac{2}{3}$ b) $-\frac{3}{2}$ c) $-\frac{2}{3}$ d) $\frac{1}{3}$
- 6. For what value of k, (x + 1) is a factor of $(x) = kx^2 x 4$?
 - a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2 d) 3
- 7. Number of zeroes of quadratic polynomial are
 - a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3 d) 4
- 8. If (2, 0) is a solution of the linear equation 2x + 3y = k, then value of k is
 - a) 4
- b) 6 c) 5 d) 2

by point on x - axis is of the form

- a) (x,y) b) (0,y) c) (x,0) d) (x,x)

. Equation representing y axis is

- a) x = 0
- b) y = 0
- c) x = y d) x = -y

11. Degree of the zero polynomial is

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) any natural number
- d) not defined

12. Signs of the abscissa and ordinate of a point in the second quadrant are

- a) (+,+)
- b) (-, -)
- c) (-,+) d) (+,-)

13. The point which lies on the line y = -3x is

- a) (2, -7)

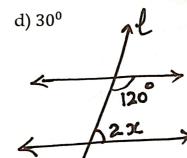
- b) (3,-6) c) (3,9) d) (3,-9)

14. The value of P (0) of $p(t) = 2 + t + t^2 - t^3$

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) -2

15. The angle which exceeds its complement by 300 is

- a) 150°
- b) 120°
- c) 60°



16. The value of x if $m \parallel n$

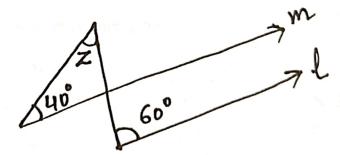
- a) 60°
- b) 70^{0}
- c) 30^{0}
- d) none of these

17. The ratio between two complementary angles is 2:3 then angles are

- a) 144° , 216°
- b) 120°, 240°
- c) $36^{\circ}, 54^{\circ}$
- d) $30^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$

18. In figure if $l \parallel m$, then $\angle Z$ is

- a) 10^{0}
- b) 20^o
- c) 30°
- d) 40^o



Assertion - Reason (for question 19 & 20)

Read the given statement choose the correct option:

a) Both Assertion and Reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.
b) Both Assertion and Reason are true and reason is correct explanation of assertion.

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c) Assertion is true but Parameters and reason is not correct explanation of assertion.

c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.

d) Assertion is false but reason is true.

sertion: If the point (-2, 2) lies on the line ax + 4y = 2, then a = 3

Reason: The point (1, 2) lies on the line 3x + 2y + 7 = 0

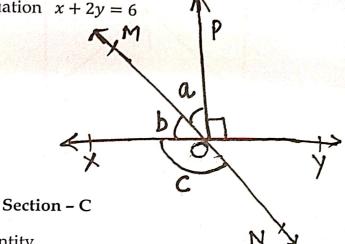
0. Assertion: $(5 + \sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{2})$ is a rational number

Reason: Product of two irrational numbers may be rational or irrational

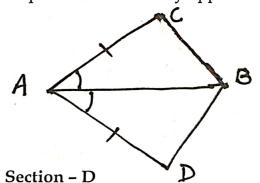
- 21. Locate $\sqrt{2}$ on the number line.
- 22. Express 1.27 27 27 ... in the form of p/q where p and q are integers.
- 23. Factorise $(4x^2 + y^2 + z^2 4xy 2yz + 4xz)$
- 24. Find four different solution of the equation x + 2y = 6
- 25. In the given figure lines

 XY and MN intersect

 at O. If $\angle POY = 90^0$ and a: b = 2: 3 find C.



- 26. Evaluate (103)³ by using suitable identity
- 27. Factorise $27y^3 + 125z^3$
- 28. Factorise $8a^3 b^3 12a^2b + 6ab^2$
- 29. Evaluate 95 \times 96 by using suitable identity.
- 30. If two lines are intersecting each other then prove that vertically opposite angles are equal.
- 31. In quadrilateral ABCD, AC = AD and AB bisects $\angle A$. Show that $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle ABD$. What can you say about BC and BD?



- 32. Find the value of a and b if $\sqrt{\frac{5}{5} + \sqrt{3}} = a + b\sqrt{15}$
- 33. Find the value of $\frac{4}{(216)^{-2/3}} + \frac{1}{(256)^{-3/4}} + \frac{2}{(243)^{-1/5}}$

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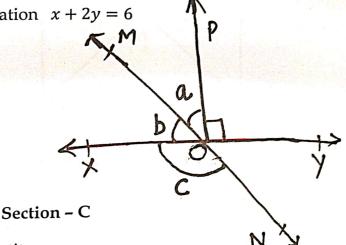
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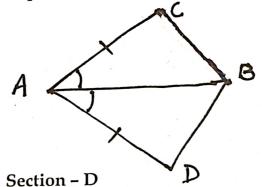
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26. Evaluate $(103)^3$ by using suitable identity

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 $\int_{\text{Find } P(1), P(-1)} and P(2) \text{ if } P(x) = 2 + x + 2x^2 - x^3$

b) Factorise $12y^2 - 7y + 1$

35. In a right triangle ABC, right angled at C, M is the

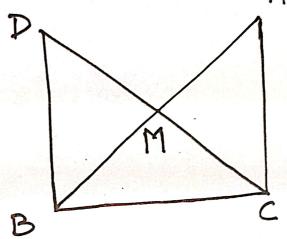
mid-point of hypotenuse AB. C is joined to M

and produced to a point D such that DM = CM.

Point D is joined to point B

Show that

- i) $\triangle AMC \cong \triangle BMD$
- ii) ∠DBC is a right angle
- iii) $\triangle DBC \cong \triangle ACB$
- iv) $CM = \frac{1}{2}AB$



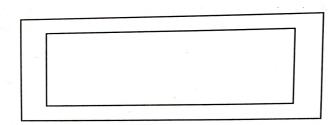
Section - E

Case Study:

36. Read and answer the following questions:

Kavita made a scenery for gift so that she can gift it to her best friend on her birthday. length of a photoframe is thrice its breadth.

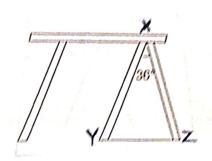
The length and breadth of the photoframe are x and y respectively.



- a) Write the linear equation which satisfies the above information.
- b) How many solutions of a linear equation in two variables?
- c) If the value of y is 4, then find the value of x

and answer the following questions:

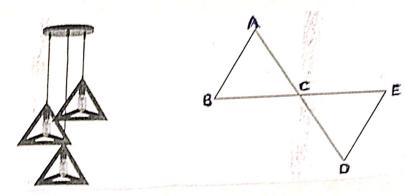
athe length XY and XZ are each equal to 110 cm and the vertical angle is 260 The length XY and XZ are each equal to 110 cm and the vertical angle is 30°,



- a) Which type of triangle is ΔYXZ ?
- b) In two triangles ABC and DEF, $\angle A = \angle D$, AB = DE and AC = DF, name the criterion congruence of triangles?
- c) What is the ratio of $\angle YXZ$ to $\angle XZY$?

38. Read and answer the following questions:

Ishita loves triangular objects. She wants to decorate the wall of her room with some triangu hangings. When she searched for it she found a number of beautiful options for her room.



- a) The angles of triangle ABC are in the ration 3:4:5. What is the measure of the small angle?
- b) If $AB \parallel DE$, find the measure of $\angle CED$
- c) If $\angle ABC = 60^{\circ}$ and $\angle DCE = 40^{\circ}$ then find $\angle BAC$